

Intro – Review

1. The two senses of perfection in the Bible

A. _____

B. _____

2. The title of the book is a reference to _____

3. The key passage (Galatians 5:13-15) _____

The Look of Imperfection – Galatians 5:16-18

The term flesh or fleshly refers to imperfection. _____

vs. 16 – This is a summary reference to what has been said so far.

This is where theologians disagree.

- Baptist / Evangelical / Pentecostal _____

- New Testament Christianity _____

This passage is a continuation of God's offer of salvation. _____

This would be another form of Law-Keeping except for important differences:

A. The things pursued were _____

B. The things pursued were _____

C. Walking by the Spirit is not _____

The part that you contribute to actual perfection is
the same part you contribute to conditional perfection.

In the world, there are many ways to obtain a measure of perfection.

vs. 17-18 – Paul explains how the dynamics of perfect and imperfect work with in the individual.

Paul explains that the Spirit is limited by the material He works with – imperfect human flesh.

Those who are led by the Spirit are not under Law and this has two advantages:

A. _____

B. _____

Summary

1. The desire of the flesh is _____

2. Those who desire imperfection are _____

3. Law-Keeping does not and cannot _____

4. The Law was given _____

5. God's gift through Christ is _____

6. God's help through the Holy Spirit is _____
